

# **SECTION 8 - CHESHIRE FIRE AUTHORITY: MEMBERS' CODE OF CONDUCT**

## **1. INTRODUCTION**

This Code of Conduct is based on the Local Government Association's Model Councillor Code of Conduct 2020. It contains statements made by a Member of the Fire Authority that is subject to this Code of Conduct. It was adopted by Cheshire Fire Authority on 8<sup>th</sup> December 2021.

Guidance about Member conduct can be found in the LGA's Model Councillor Code of Conduct 2020 and in separate, more detailed, Guidance issued by the LGA. Amongst other things the guidance explains when the Code of Conduct applies.

## **2. DEFINITIONS**

For the purpose of this Code of Conduct:

- 1) References to "councillor" means a member or co-opted member of the Fire Authority.

Note: The Fire Authority does not have any co-opted members. However, it does have an independent non-elected member. That member has no right to vote, but is expected to act within the spirit of this Code of Conduct.

- 2) References to "local authority" or "council" means Cheshire Fire Authority and/or Cheshire Fire and Rescue Service.

## **3. STATEMENTS MADE BY FIRE AUTHORITY MEMBERS**

### **General Principles of Conduct**

I am aware of the Seven Principles of Public Life (which can be found at Appendix A to this Code of Conduct) which I will uphold. I make the following statements concerned with General Principles of Conduct that are built upon the Seven Principles:

In accordance with the public trust placed in me, on all occasions:

- I act with integrity and honesty
- I act lawfully
- I treat all persons fairly and with respect; and
- I lead by example and act in a way that secures public confidence in the role of councillor

In undertaking my role:

- I impartially exercise my responsibilities in the interests of the local community
- I do not improperly seek to confer an advantage, or disadvantage, on any person
- I avoid conflicts of interest
- I exercise reasonable care and diligence; and
- I ensure that public resources are used prudently in accordance with my local authority's requirements and in the public interest.

### **Standards of Conduct**

#### **1. *Respect***

As a councillor:

- 1.1 I treat other councillors and members of the public with respect.
- 1.2 I treat local authority employees and representatives of partner organisations and those volunteering for the local authority with respect and respect the role they play.

#### **2. *Bullying, harassment and discrimination***

As a councillor:

- 2.1 I do not bully any person.
- 2.2 I do not harass any person.
- 2.3 I promote equalities and do not discriminate unlawfully against any person.

#### **3. *Impartially of officers of the council***

As a councillor:

- 3.1 I do not compromise, or attempt to compromise, the impartiality of anyone who works for, or on behalf of, the local authority.

#### **4. *Confidentiality and access to information***

As a councillor:

- 4.1 I do not disclose information:
  - a) given to me in confidence by anyone
  - b) acquired by me which I believe, or ought reasonably to be aware, is of a confidential nature, unless
    - i. I have received the consent of a person authorised to give it;
    - ii. I am required by law to do so;
    - iii. The disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional legal advice provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or

iv. the disclosure is:

1. reasonable and in the public interest; and
2. made in good faith and in compliance with the reasonable requirements of the local authority; and
3. I have consulted the Monitoring Officer prior to its release.

4.2 I do not improperly use knowledge gained solely as a result of my role as a councillor for the advancement of myself, my friends, my family members, my employer or my business interests.

4.3 I do not prevent anyone from getting information that they are entitled to by law.

5. ***Disrepute***

As a councillor:

5.1 I do not bring my role or local authority into disrepute.

6. ***Use of position***

As a councillor:

6.1 I do not use, or attempt to use, my position improperly to the advantage or disadvantage of myself or anyone else.

7. ***Use of local authority resources and facilities***

As a councillor:

7.1 I do not misuse council resources.

7.2 I will, when using the resources of the local authority or authorising their use by others:

- a) act in accordance with the local authority's requirements; and
- b) ensure that such resources are not used for political purposes unless that use could reasonably be regarded as likely to facilitate, or be conducive to, the discharge of the functions of the local authority or of the office to which I have been elected or appointed.

8. ***Complying with the Code of Conduct***

As a councillor:

8.1 I undertake Code of Conduct training provided by my local authority.

8.2 I cooperate with any Code of Conduct investigation and/or determination.

8.3 I do not intimidate or attempt to intimidate any person who is likely to be involved with the administration or any investigation or proceedings.

8.4 I comply with any sanction imposed on me following a finding that I have breached the Code of Conduct.

9. ***Interests***

As a councillor:

9.1 I register and disclose my interests.

10. ***Gifts and Hospitality***

As a councillor:

10.1 I do not accept gifts or hospitality, irrespective of estimated value, which could give rise to real or substantive personal gain or reasonable suspicion of influence on my part to show favour from persons seeking to acquire, develop or do business with the local authority or from persons who may apply to the local authority for any permission, licence or other significant advantage.

10.2 I register with the Monitoring Officer any gift or hospitality with an estimated value of at least £50 within 28 days of its receipt.

10.3 I register with the Monitoring Officer any significant gift or hospitality that I have been offered but have refused to accept.

## **Appendix A – The Seven Principles of Public Life**

The Principles are:

### *Selflessness*

Holders of public office should act solely in terms of the public interest.

### *Integrity*

Holders of public office must avoid placing themselves under any obligation to people or organisations that might try inappropriately to influence them in their work. They should not act or take decisions in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends. They must disclose and resolve any interests and relationships.

### *Objectivity*

Holders of public office must act and take decisions impartially, fairly and on merit, using the best evidence and without discrimination or bias.

### *Accountability*

Holders of public office are accountable to the public for their decisions and actions and must submit themselves to the scrutiny necessary to ensure this.

### *Openness*

Holders of public office should act and take decisions in an open and transparent manner. Information should not be withheld from the public unless there are clear and lawful reasons for so doing.

### *Honesty*

Holders of public office should be truthful.

### *Leadership*

Holders of public office should exhibit these principles in their own behaviour. They should actively promote and robustly support the principles and be willing to challenge poor behaviour wherever it occurs.

## **Appendix B – Registering and Declaration of Interests**

This Appendix tells me about my obligations in relation to the registering and declaration of interests.

I understand that a failure to register or disclose a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest is a criminal offence under the Localism Act 2011.

Within 28 days of becoming a member or your re-election or re-appointment to office you must register with the Monitoring Officer the interests which fall within the categories set out in **Table 1 (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests)** which are as described in “The Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012”. You should also register details of your other personal interests which fall within the categories set out in **Table 2 (Other Registerable Interests)**.

“Disclosable Pecuniary Interest” means an interest of yourself, or your partner if you are aware of your partner’s interest, within the descriptions set out in Table 1 below.

“Partner” means a spouse or civil partner, or a person with whom you are living as husband or wife, or a person with whom you are living as if you are civil partners.

1. You must ensure that your register of interests is kept-up-to-date and within 28 days of becoming aware of any new interest, or any change to a registered interest, notify the Monitoring Officer.
2. A ‘sensitive interest’ is an interest which, if disclosed, could lead to the councillor, or a person connected with the councillor, being subject to violence or intimidation.
3. Where you have a ‘sensitive interest’ you must notify the Monitoring Officer with the reasons why you believe it is a sensitive interest. If the Monitoring Officer agrees they will withhold the interest from the public register.

### **Non participation in case of Disclosable Pecuniary Interest**

4. Where a matter arises at a meeting which directly relates to one of your Disclosable Pecuniary Interests as set out in **Table 1**, you must disclose the interest, not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a ‘sensitive interest’, you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest, just that you have an interest. Dispensation may be granted in limited circumstances, to enable you to participate and vote on a matter in which you have a Disclosable pecuniary interest.

## Disclosure of Other Registerable Interests

5. Where a matter arises at a meeting which ***directly relates*** to the financial interest or wellbeing of one of your Other Registerable Interests (as set out in **Table 2**), you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

## Disclosure of Non-Registerable Interests

6. Where a matter arises at a meeting which directly relates to your financial interest or wellbeing (and is not a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest set out in table 1) or a financial interest or wellbeing of a relative or close associate, you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting. Otherwise you must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.
7. Where a matter arises at a meeting which affects –
  - a. Your own financial interest or wellbeing;
  - b. A financial interest or wellbeing of a relative or close associate; or
  - c. A financial interest or wellbeing of a body included under Other Registerable Interests as set out in Table 2

you must disclose the interest. In order to determine whether you can remain in the meeting after disclosing your interest the following test should be applied.

8. Where a matter (referred to in paragraph 8 above) affects the financial interest or wellbeing:
  - a. To a greater extent than it affects the financial interests of the majority of inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision and;
  - b. A reasonable member of the public knowing all the facts would believe that it would affect your view of the wider public interest

You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting. Otherwise you must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation

If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

9. Where you have an Other Registerable Interest or Non-registerable Interest on a matter to be considered or is being considered by you as a Cabinet member in exercise of your executive function, you must notify the Monitoring

officer of the interest and must not take any steps or further steps in the matter apart from arranging from someone else to deal with it.

### Table 1 – Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

This table sets out the explanation of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests as set out in the Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012.

Subject	Description
EMPLOYMENT, OFFICE, TRADE, PROFESSION OR VOCATION	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
SPONSORSHIP	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the council) made to the councillor during the previous 12-month period for expenses incurred by him/her in carrying out his/her duties as a councillor, or towards his/her election expenses. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.
CONTRACTS	Any contract made between the councillor or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/civil partners (or a firm in which such person is a partner, or an incorporated body of which such person is a director* or a body that such person has a beneficial interest in the securities of*) and the council — (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and (b) which has not been fully discharged.
LAND AND PROPERTY	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the council. 'Land' excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not give the councillor or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners (alone or jointly with another) a right to occupy or to receive income.
LICENCES	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the council for a month or longer.
CORPORATE TENANCIES	Any tenancy where (to the councillor's knowledge)— (a) the landlord is the council; and (b) the tenant is a body that the councillor, or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners is a partner of or a director* of or has a beneficial interest in the securities* of.
SECURITIES	Any beneficial interest in securities* of a body where—

	<p>(a) that body (to the councillor's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the council; and</p> <p>(b) either—</p> <p>(i) the total nominal value of the securities* exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or</p> <p>(ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the councillor, or his/ her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were.</p>
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\* 'director' includes a member of the committee of management or an industrial and provident society.

\* 'securities' means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

**Table 2 – Other Registerable Interests**

You must register as an Other Registerable Interest:

- a) Any unpaid directorships
- b) Any body of which you are a member or are in a position of general control or management and to which you are nominated or appointed by your authority
- c) Any body
  - i. Exercising functions of a public nature
  - ii. Directed to charitable purposes or
  - iii. One of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union)

of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management